

# Country profile Viet Nam

#### Summary of MPOWER measures in Viet Nam

M	Р	0	W		Е	F	2
MONITORING	SMOKE-FREE POLICIES	CESSATION PROGRAMMES	HEALTH WARNINGS MASS MEDIA		ADVERTISING BANS	TAXATION CIGARETT LESS AFFORDAE SINCE 20	
	3				8	36.7%	NO

Compliance is scored 0—10 where 10 is the highest level of compliance. Compliance is measured only for P and E. The methods used to compile this profile are described in the technical notes of the WHO report on the global tobacco epidemic, 2019.

#### **MPOWER** score colour key

# Complete policy Moderate policy Minimal No policy or weak policy No data

#### Affordability category

YES	NO	$\leftrightarrow$
cigarettes	cigarettes did	no trend change
became less	not become	in affordability of
affordable	less affordable	cigarettes

The colours are explained in more detail in the MPOWER legend on the last page of this document. In all tables ". . ." means data are not available and "—" means data are not required.

WHO Framework Convention o	n Tobacco Control
Date of signature	Date of ratification (or legal equivalent)
3 September 2003	17 December 2004

Population	Income group
96 491 146	Middle-income

#### National tobacco control programme as at 31 December 2018

Specific national government objectives in tobacco control	Yes
National agency or technical unit for tobacco control	Yes
Number of full-time equivalent staff	21
Government's expenditures on tobacco control, latest available year (2018), in currency reported by country	USD 12 000 000

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# **Monitor** tobacco use and prevention policies

# Recent Yes Representative Yes Periodic Yes

Survey of youth					
Recent	Yes				
Representative	Yes				
Periodic	Yes				

#### Tobacco use prevalence from the latest survey completed by 31 December 2018

	Tobacco use		Tobacco	smoking	Cigarette smoking		Smokeless tobacco use		E-cigarette use	
	Current	Daily	Current	Daily	Current	Daily	Current	Daily	Current	Daily
Survey: Glob	al Adult Tob	acco Surv	ey, 2015; Nat	ional, ages	15+					
Male	46.1		45.3	38.7	36.7	30.7	0.8	0.5	0.4	
Female	3.1		1.1	0.9	0.8	0.6	2.0	1.6	0.1	
Both sexes	24.9		22.5	19.2	18.2	15.2	1.4	1.0	0.2	
Survey: Glob	al Youth Tob	acco Surv	yey, 2014; Na	tional, ages	s 13-15					
Male	6.9		6.3		4.9		1.0			
Female	1.3		0.9		0.2		0.4			
Both sexes	4.0		3.5		2.5		0.7			

# WHO age-standardized estimated prevalence of smoking among those aged 15 years or more: Year 2017 These rates are modelled using all national survey data published since 1990 to estimate the underlying prevalence trends by sex, then applying age-standardization to allow comparison with other countries. They do not necessarily resemble country data from 2017. See the report for further details.

Prevalence (%)	Any tobacco use (smoked and smokeless)		Any tobacco smoking		Cigarette smoking	
1 10 valonos (70)	Current	Daily	Current	Daily	Current	Daily
Male						
Female						
Both sexes						

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# **Protect** people from tobacco smoke

#### 2018 Compliance Complete\* smoke-free laws exist in the following places: Health-care facilities Yes 6 Educational facilities except 8 Yes universities 5 Universities Yes 6 Government facilities Yes Indoor offices and workplaces 6 Yes Restaurants Yes 1 Cafés, pubs and bars No Public transport No All other public places Compliance score 3 Law requires fines for smoking Yes Fines levied on the establishment Yes Fines levied on the smoker Yes Funds dedicated for enforcement Yes Complaint system that requires an Yes investigation after a complaint

#### Subnational laws on smoke-free environments

Subnational jurisdictions do not have the authority to adopt laws that ban tobacco smoking in any or all of the places mentioned above.

# **Offer** help to quit tobacco use

#### Treatment of tobacco dependence as at 31 December 2018

	telephone quit line/help line with a ble to discuss cessation with callers	Yes
	Is this product legally sold in the country?	Yes
Nicotine replacement therapy (NRT,	Where and how can this product be legally purchased in your country?	Pharmacy without Rx
e.g., patch, gum, lozenge, spray or inhaler)	Does the national/federal health insurance or the national health service cover the cost of this product?	No
ililialei)	Is any NRT on the country's essential drugs list?	No
	Is this product legally sold in your country?	No
Bupropion (e.g., Zyban, Wellbutrin)	Where and how can this product be legally purchased in your country?	_
Zyban, Weilbuttin)	Does the national/federal health insurance or the national health service cover the cost of this product?	_
	Is this product legally sold in your country?	No
Varenicline	Where and how can this product be legally purchased in your country?	_
	Does the national/federal health insurance or the national health service cover the cost of this product?	_
	Health clinics or other primary care facilities	Yes in some
ls smoking	Hospitals	Yes in some
cessation support available in the following places in	Office of a health professional	No
your country?	In the community	No
	Other	No
D II	Health clinics or other primary care facilities	Partially
Does the national/federal health insurance	Hospitals	Partially
nealth insurance or the national health service	Office of a health professional	_
cover the cost of this support?	In the community	_
Tri Tri	Other	_

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Complete" means that smoking is not permitted, with no exemptions allowed.

Ventilation and any form of designated smoking rooms and/or areas do not protect from the harms of second-hand tobacco smoke, and the only laws that provide protection are those that result in the complete absence of smoking in all public places.

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# •• Warn about the dangers of tobacco

#### Health warnings on tobacco packages

		2018	
	Cigarettes	Other smoked tobacco	Smokeless tobacco
Does the law mandate that health warnings appear on tobacco packages?	Yes	Yes	Yes
What percentage of the principal display areas of the package is legally mandated to be covered by health warnings? FRONT AND REAR COMBINED	50	50	50
What percentage of the principal display areas of the FRONT of the package is legally mandated to be covered by health warnings?	50	50	50
What percentage of the principal display areas of the REAR of the package is legally mandated to be covered by health warnings?	50	50	50
Does the law mandate that the warning be placed at the top of the principle display areas of the package?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Does the law mandate font style, font size and colour for package warnings?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Are the health warnings rotating on packages?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Are the health warnings on packages written in the principal language(s) of the country?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Does the law require that health warnings on packages are not obscured in any way, including by required markings such as tax stamps?	No	No	No
Do the health warnings on packages include a photograph or graphic?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Do health warnings appear on each package and any outside packaging and labelling used in the retail sale?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Does the law on health warnings apply to products whether manufactured domestically, imported, AND for duty-free sale?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Does the law state that warnings on packages do not remove or diminish the liability of the tobacco industry?	No	No	No
Do health warnings on packages describe the harmful effects of tobacco use on health?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Does the law mandate specific health warnings on packages?	Yes	Yes	Yes
How many specific health warnings are approved by the law?	6	6	6

	2018	
Cigarettes	Other smoked tobacco	Smokeless tobacco
Yes	Yes	Yes
No	No	No
_	_	_
No	No	No
No	No	No
No	No	No
	Yes  No  No  No  No  No  No  No	No N

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#### Anti-tobacco mass media campaigns between 1 July 2016 and 30 June 2018

Was there a national campaign aired during the period?	Yes
Was the campaign aired on television and/or radio?	Yes
Before the campaign, was any research about the target audience conducted or used to develop the campaign messages/materials?	Yes
Were the campaign materials tested with the target audience before the campaign was run?	Yes
Did you obtain air time (radio, television) and/or placement (billboards, print advertising, etc) by purchasing or securing them using either your organisation/institution's internal resources or an external media planner or agency?	Yes
Did you, or your media planner/agency, use a monitor to confirm that the campaign materials were used as planned/scheduled on television, radio, print, billboards, internet, etc?	Yes
Did you work with journalists to gain publicity or coverage in the news for the campaign?	Yes
Was an evaluation done to assess the impact of the campaign?	Yes
Was this campaign part of a comprehensive government tobacco control program?	Yes

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# **Enforce** bans on tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship

	2018	Compliance
Bans on direct tobacco advertising		
National TV and radio	Yes	10
International TV and radio	Yes1	
Local magazines and newspapers	Yes	10
International magazines and newspapers	Yes <sup>2</sup>	
Billboards and outdoor advertising	Yes	9
Advertising at point of sale	Yes	1
Advertising on internet	Yes	
Other direct bans	Yes	
Compliance score of direct bans		9
Law requires fines for violations of direct advertising bans	Yes	
Bans on tobacco promotion and sponsorship		
Free distribution	Yes	6
Promotional discounts	Yes	3
Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes <sup>3</sup>	9
Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes <sup>4</sup>	8
Appearance of tobacco brands in TV and/or films (product placement)	Yes	8
Appearance of tobacco products in TV and/or films	Yes	_
Prescribed anti-tobacco advertisements required to be presented before, during or after the broadcasting or showing of any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	_	
Complete ban on sponsorship	No	_
Ban on sponsorship contributions (financial or other support)	No	
Ban on publicizing sponsorship or other support	No	
Ban on Corporate Social Responsibility activities (CSR)	No	
Tobacco companies/the tobacco industry publicizing their CSR activities	Yes	
Entities other than tobacco companies/the tobacco industry publicizing the CSR activities of the tobacco companies	Yes	
Tobacco companies funding or making contributions (including in-kind contributions) to smoking prevention media campaigns, including those directed at youth	Yes	
Law explicitly bans tobacco products display at point of sale	No	
Other indirect bans	Yes	
Compliance score of indirect bans		6
Law requires fines for violations of indirect advertising bans	Yes	
Law completely bans tobacco vending machines	Yes	
Law bans internet sales of tobacco products	No	
Law balls lifternet sales of tobacco products	INO	

<sup>1</sup>The law does not explicitly address cross-border advertising. However, given that advertising is banned on all TV and radio, it is interpreted that both domestic and international levels are covered by the ban.

#### Subnational laws on tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship

Subnational jurisdictions do not have the authority to adopt laws that ban some or all types of tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship mentioned above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The law does not explicitly address cross-border advertising. However, given that advertising is banned on all magazines and newspapers, it is interpreted that both domestic and international levels are covered by the ban.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Although the law does not explicitly ban the identification of non-tobacco products with tobacco brand names (brand stretching) and does not provide a definition of tobacco advertising and promotion, we interpret that brand stretching is covered by the existing ban of all forms of advertising and promotion because this country is a Party to the WHO FCTC and we assume that the WHO FCTC definition applies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Although the law does not explicitly ban the usage of brand names of non-tobacco products for tobacco products (brand sharing) and does not provide a definition of tobacco advertising and promotion, we interpret that brand sharing is covered by the existing ban of all forms of advertising and promotion because this country is a Party to the WHO FCTC and we assume that the WHO FCTC definition applies.

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#### Tobacco taxation policy and prices as at 31 July 2018

#### Price of lowest cost brand and premium brand of cigarettes

	Price of lowest cost brand of cigarettes	Price of premium brand cigarettes
Tax inclusive retail sales price (TIRSP) for a pack of	VND	VND
20 cigarettes, country-reported value, 2018	5 000.00	25 500.00

#### Taxes on the most sold brand of cigarettes

	WHO's estimate for 2018
Price of most sold brand of cigarettes (standardized to a pack of 20)	
In currency reported by country	VND 20 000.00
In international dollars (purchasing power parity adjusted)	2.57
In US dollars at official exchange rates	0.87
Taxes on this brand (% of retail price) +	
Total taxes	36.7%
Specific excise	0.0%
Ad valorem excise	28.7%
Value added tax (VAT) or sales tax	7.0%
Import duty	0.0%
Other taxes (Tobacco Control Fund)	1.0%

<sup>\*</sup> Individual categories of tax may not add to total due to rounding.

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#### Taxes on the most sold brand of specific tobacco products other than cigarettes

Price of most sold brand of	Other smoked tobacco product (standardized to one piece for cigars and cigarillos and 20 grams for the other products)	Smokeless tobacco product (standardized to 20 grams)	Heated tobacco product (per 20 sticks)
In currency reported by country			
In international dollars (purchasing power parity adjusted)			
In US dollars at official exchange rates			
Taxes on the most sold brand (% of retail price) +			
Total taxes			
Specific excise			
Ad valorem excise			
Value added tax (VAT) or sales tax			
Import duty			
Other taxes			

<sup>+</sup> Individual categories of tax may not add to total due to rounding.

#### **Affordability**

% of GDP per capita required to purchase 100 packs of the most sold brand of cigarettes (the higher the %, the less affordable)	3.44%
Cigarettes are less affordable in 2018 compared to 2016	No
Cigarettes have become less affordable between 2008 and 2018 (trend average)	No

#### Use of earmarked tobacco taxes for health

A surcharge of 1.5% of the excise tax base finances a Fund for Prevention and Control of Tobacco Harms.

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#### Supplementary tax information

	Most recent data reported
Type of excise applied	Ad valorem excise
Uniform excise tax applied Yes (uniform), No (tiered/varying rates)	Yes
Greater reliance on specific tax in mixed excise regime	_
Minimum specific tax applied in ad valorem or mixed excise regime	No
Retail price used as base of ad valorem component in ad valorem or mixed excise regime (or retail price exclusive of VAT)	No
Specific tax component automatically adjusted for inflation (or other)	_
A minimum price policy is implemented	Yes
Price dispersion: share of cheapest brand price in premium brand price (the higher the % the smaller the gap)	19.61%
Tax stamps, fiscal mark, banderole or other type of marking applied on cigarettes	Yes
Tax stamps, fiscal mark, banderole or other type of marking applied on other tobacco products	No
Sales of duty (or excise) free cigarettes banned	No

#### Annual tax revenues from tobacco products at the national/federal level

	Most recent data reported
Is tax revenue data for all tobacco products or cigarettes only?	Cigarettes only
Year	2017
Currency	VND
Total Excise (specific and ad valorem)	14 404 954 500 000.00
Value added tax (VAT) and other sales taxes	2 880 990 900 000.00
Import duties and all other taxes (excluding corporate taxes on tobacco companies)	1 458 300 000 000.00
Total	18 744 245 400 000.00

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#### Legend: Summary of MPOWER measures (see page 1)

#### **MONITORING: PREVALENCE DATA**

	No known data or no recent data or data that are not both recent and representative
	Recent and representative data for either adults or youth
	Recent and representative data for both adults and youth
	Recent, representative and periodic data for both adults and youth

#### SMOKE-FREE POLICIES: POLICIES ON SMOKE-FREE ENVIRONMENTS

		Data not reported/not categorized
		Complete absence of ban, or up to two public places completely smoke-free
		Three to five public places completely smoke-free
	Six to seven public places completely smoke-free	
I		All public places completely smoke-free (or at least 90% of the population covered by complete subnational legislation)

#### CESSATION PROGRAMMES: TREATMENT OF TOBACCO DEPENDENCE

Data not reported
None
NRT and/or some cessation services (neither cost-covered)
NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of which is cost-covered)
National quit line, and both NRT and some cessation services cost-covered

#### **HEALTH WARNINGS: HEALTH WARNINGS ON CIGARETTE PACKAGES**

Data not reported
No warnings or small warnings
Medium size warnings missing some or many appropriate characteristics OR large warnings missing many characteristics
Medium size warnings with all appropriate characteristics OR large warnings missing some appropriate characteristics
Large warnings with all appropriate characteristics

#### MASS MEDIA: ANTI-TOBACCO CAMPAIGNS

Data not reported
No national campaign conducted between July 2016 and June 2018 with duration of at least three weeks
National campaign conducted with one to four appropriate characteristics
National campaign conducted with five to six appropriate characteristics, or with seven characteristics excluding airing on television and/or radio
National campaign conducted with at least seven appropriate characteristics including airing on television and/or radio

#### ADVERTISING BANS: BANS ON ADVERTISING, PROMOTION AND SPONSORSHIP

Data not reported
Complete absence of ban, or ban that does not cover national television, radio and print media
Ban on national television, radio and print media only
Ban on national TV, radio and print media as well as on some but not all other forms of direct and/or indirect advertising
Ban on all forms of direct and indirect advertising (or at least 90% of the population covered by complete subnational legislation)

#### TAXATION: SHARE OF TOTAL TAXES IN THE RETAIL PRICE OF THE MOST SOLD BRAND OF CIGARETTES

	Data not reported
	<25% of retail price is tax
	≥25% and <50% of retail price is tax
	≥50% and <75% of retail price is tax
	≥75% of retail price is tax

#### **AFFORDABILITY**

YI	ES	Cigarettes less affordable – per capita GDP needed to buy 2000 cigarettes of the most sold brand increased on average between 2008 and 2018.
N	10	Cigarettes more affordable – per capita GDP needed to buy 2000 cigarettes of the most sold brand declined on average between 2008 and 2018.
+	<del></del>	No trend change in affordability of cigarettes since 2008.